

# TIDE OF BATTLE FLOWS EASTWARD INTO MACEDONIA

**Attack Is Expected to Result  
In Flanking Movement and  
Pee May Feel Pinch  
Movement**

NEW YORK, July 15.—(Associated Press)—From Albania the flame of battle has spread into Macedonia where yesterday the British forces on the Macedonian front drove a strong attack against the Bulgarian positions to the west of Doiran and achieved some substantial success, not detailed in the official reports.

It is deemed probable that this attack is made with the ultimate view of capturing the railroad north of Uskub and thence outflanking the enemy to the north-east of Monastir.

At the same time there are indications of an intent to swing the Albanian forces further east toward Monastir thus outflanking the Bulgars on the west and thus submitting the foe to a double flanking or pincer movement.

In Albania the advance of the Italian and the French forces continues and meets with no successful resistance. On this long front of seventy miles the enemy is being pressed further back daily, losing heavily in casualties and large numbers surrendering to the victorious forces of the Entente.

Reports from Albania last night said the Entente forces were now in possession of the villages of Narta and Gramshi thus bringing their eastern flank considerably nearer to Ochrida.

The Austrian forces are trying to reorganize and make a stand on a new line of defense while the positions of the Bulgar forces are daily becoming more uncomfortable.

## WESTERN FRONT IS IN GRIP OF STORM

**Rains Deter Major Operations  
But Assault Is Expected with  
Clearing Skies**

NEW YORK, July 15.—(Associated Press)—Bad weather in France and Flanders is tending to keep military operations below the normal and yesterday nowhere on the Western front were there important engagements, the activities being confined to raids on trenches and patrol encounters and artillery duels.

Big guns were active yesterday on the American front on the Marne and the British front on the neighborhood of Albert, Kemmel and Ypres and on the French front at Corey. This artillery activity was the only sign perceptible that might indicate an early launching of the expected German assaults. Military observers, however, are inclined to the belief that with clearing weather a cessation of the rains and low lying clouds the anticipated big drive may be attempted.

## PRINCESS TRAINS AS NURSE FOR CHILDREN

LONDON, June 25.—Princess Mary, daughter of King George, will this week begin a course of regular training as nurse at the Children's hospital in Great Ormond street.

## BEST SONG SINGER

"Send the best song director available," cabled Gen. Pershing to Washington, recently. "W. Stanley Hawkins of Albany, New York, was picked to go over there." He had been song director at the Plattsburg officers' training camp before going to Camp Dix, where, with his stirring march melody, "Keep the Glow in Old Glory," he inspired the men with the martial spirit that will soon lead them into battle.

## PATRIOTIC MISS

"There goes one of our four hundred girls." "You mean she is a member of the four hundred?" "Oh, no. That's her sock record—400 pairs."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

## WHEN YOU EAT TOO MUCH

Diarrhea in the stomach after eating is relieved by taking one of Chamberlain's Tablets. Try it the next time you eat more than you should. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

## LULL EXTENDS TO AMERICAN HELP SECTORS

**Overseas Forces Have Moved  
Twice As Fast As Was Ex-  
pected and Two Field  
Armies Will Be There**

WASHINGTON, July 15.—(Associated Press)—Minor engagements only are mentioned as occurring in the American held sectors of the Western front in the war department's report of that evening issued following the receipt of the daily communique from France.

Near Terey a German patrol of about forty was driven back by the American fire, at least three being killed and the enemy carrying a number of wounded with them. In the Chinese sector American patrols were active.

Only small activities are reported from the Lorraine, Meuse, Munster and Alsace sectors and the Marne was quiet except for artillery fire. General March announced that with three full army corps now in France it is expected that the shipment of troops has taken only half the time estimated originally for the placing of the first field army of the United States in France. Instead of one field army in France by January 1, 1918, as was originally planned, it now appears that there will probably be two such armies operating on the Western front by that date.

Though American casualties did not increase so fast last week as in the preceding week they continue to mount. The report issued last evening showed losses from the beginning of activities to date to be 14,733. Of these 4100 were deaths in the army and 573 in the Marine corps. The army wounded 5411 and the Marines 1045. The missing, including known prisoners are army 519 and Marines 65.

Yesterday's casualties in the army were thirteen killed in action, eleven dead of wounds, two of disease and four of other cause with thirty-eight severely wounded and two slightly wounded. In the Marine corps casualties were killed in action ten, dead of wounds four, thirty-three severely wounded and four missing.

## AMERICAN WOUNDED ARRIVE IN ENGLAND

LONDON, July 14.—(Associated Press)—American wounded arriving here in considerable numbers now. They are troops who are being treated with the British.

A recent number of the Overseas Daily published the following article on the work of the American Red Cross Society and the Order of St. John are providing for wounded Americans.

"Only those men wounded in regiments brigaded with the British Army will be brought to England," said Major Endicott, the American Red Cross Commissioner in England. "All the others will be taken care of either in our own Army hospitals in France or in French hospitals. Thus the number who will come to England depends on the total General Pershing brigades with the British Army."

Major Endicott said the American Army, Navy and Red Cross are arranging for elaborate hospital accommodations in England.

"We have several hospitals in operation already and shall be opening more. Offers of private hospitals will only be acceptable within easy rail way journey of the ports at which the wounded will be landed. We hope to take care of all the wounded in American hospitals, but the British prefer to attend to those we have not room for."

"American wounded will have grey suits buttoned up to the neck and no ties. The material being the same as the English wounded wear."

"The American Army has not yet decided to allow its men to come to England on leave, the feeling being that the cross Channel service is already sufficiently taxed."

"Mr. H. P. Daylen, chairman of the American Red Cross War Council, has sent a message to Sir Arthur Stanley, chairman of the Joint War Committee at 83, Pall Mall, E. W., saying: 'The fact that the English people want to make such provision for the care of the sick and wounded American soldiers and that such hospitality is to be extended to them in the delightful country estate of your King will prove another means of cementing the ties of friendship and sympathy between the two peoples.'

## CHINA TO BUILD STEEL SHIPS FOR UNITED STATES

**Oriental Republic Will Do Its  
Part Helping Beat Germany by  
Assisting Shipping Program**

WASHINGTON, July 14.—(Official Press)—China is added to the list of nations that are building ships to defeat Germany. The United States shipping board has awarded to the Chinese government a contract for the construction of four cargo vessels of 10,000 tons each. It took options, also, for the building by the same yards of 80,000 tons of additional ships.

This program will involve an expenditure of \$40,000,000 and approximately 35,000 tons of steel will be shipped from the United States. The engines and other equipment will be built in China. Deliveries of the ships are to begin six months from the time when steel is received.

Officials regard these contracts as destined to further cement a cordial good feeling between the United States and the new republic of the Orient.

China is eager to take a greater part in the war, having felt the weight of German tyranny in the German efforts to expand in the Far East.

Chairman Harley of the shipping board said that he had found that China is splendidly equipped to make a substantial contribution to the building of ships under the program. The Chinese government yard ranks as one of the most efficient yards in the world.

## URUGUAY CHARTERS SHIPS TO AMERICA

WASHINGTON, July 14.—(Official Press)—Eight former German steamers, aggregating 62,000 tons registry, vessels which were seized by Uruguay, have been chartered from that country by the United States ship charter board, making a highly important addition to the available shipping tonnage with no delay for completion and delivery. Announcement of the charter arrangements was made yesterday.

Under the terms of the contract all of the ships or an equivalent tonnage of other ships will be allotted to the war trade with Uruguay.

## DUTCH SAILED AT LAST SENT BACK TO HOLLAND

WASHINGTON, July 14.—(Official Press)—Three thousand officers and sailors, members of the crews of the Dutch vessels which were taken over by the United States in accordance with provisions of the international law, have been sent to their homes in Holland. For four months, ever since the vessels were taken over last March, these men have been "guests of the nation" fed and housed at its expense.

## WORLD GIRDLING LINE OF SHIPS IS PLANNED

SEATTLE, Washington, July 14.—(Official)—Capt. H. M. E. (P), foreign trade manager of the Ocean Transport Company, Limited of Seattle, Japan, makes the announcement of plans that are well under way for the establishment of a world girlding steamship line.

Ships of this line are to touch at points along both the west and east coasts of South America, at New York, Galveston, the West Indies and New Orleans.

The company is building 60,000 tons of shipping, he said, and the government has chartered 30,000 additional tonnage for the great commercial project.

## MANY FOREIGNERS IN HOLLAND ARE BURDEN

THE HAGUE, July 1.—(Associated Press)—There are now in Holland 147,748 foreigners, who as a result of the war, are more or less in charge of the public authorities. This number includes 100,000 refugees, 3,320 British prisoners of war, 1,607 German prisoners of war, 30,523 Belgians interned, 1428 British interned, and 6,640 Belgian families.

## No Rest For That Aching Back

Housework is too hard for a woman who is half sick, nervous and always tired. But at least you can get some rest by using Chamberlain's Kidney Pills. They have done wonders for thousands of women worn out with weak kidneys.

"When Your Back is Lame—Remember the Name." "Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Chamberlain's Kidney Pills and take no other." Don't's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers, or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., or Benson Smith & Co., agents for the

## CONGRESSMEN ARE LEAVING HASTILY

**No Time Lost By Senators and  
Representatives Have Their  
Luggage Packed**

WASHINGTON, July 15.—(Associated Press)—The exodus of congressmen from the capital for their summer vacations started in earnest yesterday and is now in full swing. Most of the senators have already departed and the representatives are generally packed up and ready to go at the close of today's session.

In the house of representatives today the Agricultural Appropriation Bill will be passed in final form by the elimination of the clause fixing a new price for sugar, which was an incident in the demands of the President as expressed in his veto message. It will be the final clean-up session before the recess and outstanding business will be disposed of by tomorrow.

The record of this session of congress beginning with the declaration of war against Austria-Hungary on December 7, is considered remarkable in many ways and to present a fine record of accomplishment.

## JAPANESE STUDY RED CROSS WORK

**Will Visit France and Endeavor  
To Secure Lessons In Efficiency  
From America**

CHICAGO, July 14.—(Official Press)—The Japanese Red Cross committee, headed by Prince Tokugawa, yesterday discussed the Russian situation. He said:

"Japan is not looking for annexation and territory. Like the other Allies she is seeking aid for herself but seeking world's advancement."

The Japanese Imperial Red Cross committee is to arrive in Washington on Tuesday on its way to France. During their stay the members of the mission will be the guests of the American Red Cross which has planned receptions in their honor.

The committee is headed by Prince Tokugawa and its other members are prominent in professional and social life in Japan. Among them are Dr. Arata Mitsuura, Dr. Shigemitsu Sawamura, Dr. Yasuaki Naito, Dr. Sakakura Kageyama, and Messrs. Hiroshi Yoshida, Hideyo Furukawa, Ushiroki Fujimori, and Count Kawanishi Kato.

It is thought that the work of the American Red Cross, especially in Europe, with a view of adding to the efficiency of the Japanese Red Cross and giving greater assistance to the cause of the Allies.

## SIX WOODEN VESSELS LAUNCHED IN ONE DAY

PORTLAND, Oregon, July 14.—(Official)—Charles M. Schwab, director general of the emergency fleet corporation, participated today in the ceremonies which marked the launching of six wooden ships having an aggregate tonnage of 20,000 tons. This is the largest day's launching of wooden ships by one yard in the history of the United States.

It is announced that another ship building yard near here has arranged to turn out twenty steel vessels yearly, each of 8300 tons registry.

## HALF A MILLION CANADA'S ARMY

LONDON, June 27.—(Associated Press)—Canada has already sent 400,000 men to the war and has another 100,000 in reserve. T. C. Norris, Premier of Manitoba, announced last night in addressing a meeting at Edinburgh.

Premier Norris said he anticipated 115,000,000 bushels of wheat would be produced by Canada this year.

## ROOSEVELT'S SON IS CITED FOR BRAVERY

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, June 22.—Major Theodore Roosevelt, eldest son of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, has been cited in the United States army orders for valor in the Cantigny operation of May 27.

The citation reads: "He displayed the highest qualities of courage and leadership, going forward to supervise personally the action of one of his companies of his battalion which attacked Cantigny."

The next day, although gassed with gas to his lungs and blindness to his eyes, Major Roosevelt gave an inspiring example of devotion to duty, refusing to be evacuated to a hospital and retaining command of the battalion, which was under heavy bombardment throughout the engagement.

It has now been established that Major Roosevelt was not gassed badly. His recovery, according to his physical, is complete.

## THOUGHT OF THE STOCKADE

Gen. Leonard Wood said at a luncheon: "There are so many rewards for bravery and devotion on the other side that a poor soldier naturally gets confused among them."

## TOBACCO RATIONS NOT IMPROBABLE

**War Industries Board Announces  
Immense Increases In Re-  
quisitions For Smokes**

WASHINGTON, July 15.—(Associated Press)—To meet the demands of the forces of the American army for smokes and to send a supply for the soldiers of the Allies as well control of the tobacco industry seems likely for the regulations are becoming so heavy that it appears no other course. It is not unlikely, in the event of such control, that the American public will have its tobacco supply rationed for it.

It is announced by the war industries board that it estimates that approximately two-thirds of the leaf raised in the United States in 1917 was available for the manufacturers and this should make 346,000,000 pounds available for export to the Allies.

## FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS PROSPEROUS

**Report Shows Splendid Working  
of System That May Become  
International**

WASHINGTON, July 14.—(Official Press)—Announcement is made by the federal reserve banking board that the resources of the twelve federal reserve banks was \$4,117,225,000 at the close of the month. This shows an increase of \$63,000,000 over last week.

In June the loans made by the farm loan banks aggregated \$5,343,420 making the total that the United States has loaned the farmers \$109,517,000.

In Washington, Rome, and London there have been expressions in favor of applying the principle of the federal reserve system to the regulation of world's exchange. The presidents of more than one London bank are on record as preferring our system to the British for national business. What is now is the proposed application of the system to international finance in order to make clearing between nations just as now they are made through federal reserve districts by the maintenance of a good pool. David Lubin, the American representative upon the International Institute of Agriculture which has its headquarters in Rome, said that there had been communication to the Entente statesmen, naming President Wilson specifically, proposals for the establishment of an international clearing house on a basis of gold deposited by all adhering nations.

In Washington there were hearings upon Senator Owen's proposal for the establishment of a federal reserve bank to correct the exchanges and remedy the depreciation of the dollar in neutral countries.

## GERMANY ESTABLISHING NEW SHIPPING YARDS

AMSTERDAM, July 14.—(Associated Press)—It is planned to establish the largest ship-building yard in Germany at Hamburg, says the Hamburger Nachrichten. The combination of interests at the back of this concern includes the Hamburg-American line and the new company has a provisional capital of ten million marks.

## FEWER PARCELS TO BE SENT SOLDIERS

Beginning tomorrow no shipments of parcel post packages will be accepted for United States soldiers in England or France except on presentation at the postoffice here of a written request to the sender from the soldier and approval by the rank of major or above, says the Los Angeles Times of July 1.

Packages to be sent to members of the Red Cross, Knights of Columbus, Y. M. C. A., and similar workers will also not be accepted except on presentation of written request approved by their superiors in the field. No packages will be accepted for Canadians, British and French soldiers or soldiers of other of our allies unless permission has been obtained from the respective war missions of those governments in Washington.

These regulations have been made necessary by the tremendous number of packages sent to members of the United States Expeditionary Force, clogging the French and other foreign railway service.

## PAPER DEMANDS AGREEMENT WITH WILSON AT ONCE

**Vienna Organ Called Undesirable  
In Berlin Speaks Out: Gov-  
ernment Will Make Announce-  
ment of Foreign Policy**

LONDON, July 15.—(Associated Press)—Demands for immediate peace are once more loudly voiced in Vienna and the government of Austria-Hungary recognizes the fact that it must again make declarations as to its foreign policies.

In the Vienna Arbeiter-Zeitung, official organ for the Social Democrats, it is reported in a Vienna despatch, there was published demands that the government forthwith come to an agreement with President Wilson.

This paper is the one that was mentioned by Chancellor von Hertling in his German Reichstag speech in June when he said the paper had been barred out of Germany in full accord with the view of Vienna as well, because it is "considered to be a perverted newspaper."

It is also announced from Vienna, according to a telegram received by way of Amsterdam, that important declarations as to foreign policy have been made by the Austrian-Hungarian government when the pacifist meeting and that the conditions are impending.

This is taken to mean that the government will undertake through promises and expressions of peaceful intent to check the insistent demands of the growing number of pacifists.

## SHIPWORKERS CLAIM MANY GRIEVANCES

**Government May Be Called On  
To Settle Coast Disputes**

OAKLAND, July 15.—(Associated Press)—Trouble between shipbuilders on San Francisco Bay and their employees is imminent and a settlement may have to be effected by the government. Claims of breach of terms are voiced by the machinists and other workers and they offer a long array of alleged instances.

About 3500 employees, including riveters employed by the Heald and Moore plants here and the Bethlehem plant at Alameda are included in the protesting workers. They claim that they have more than two thousand instances where the employers have not lived up to the machinery wage scale agreement and they also assert the employers are refusing to make retroactive payments at the machinery wage scale rates.

## GERMANS CLAIM BRITISH LAND FORCE IN RUSSIA

LONDON, July 15.—(Associated Press)—Further occupation of points on the White Sea in Russia are reported by the Frankfort Zeitung, claiming a violation of Russian neutrality, the paper says that British forces have occupied Kem.

No official report has been given by the British government and the report is unconfirmed.

## AMERICAN SOLDIERS ARE GIVING WARNING

**Those Who Contemplate Marry-  
ing French Girls Urged  
to Reconsider**

LONDON, June 20.—American soldiers who contemplate marrying French girls and settling down over as when light wine has been drinking a beverage, may be interested in the advice of W. L. George, sociologist, a British soldier not to do it. Tomlinson has taken brides at Havre, Rouen and other French cities. Looking at the matter purely from a standpoint of happiness, Mr. George said that national customs and environment were so different that they tended to work against happiness.

Some 10,000 Australians have taken English brides and plan to make honeymoon trips after the war by their journey home. Australia, New Zealand and Canada have used in window displays of grains and fruits, photographs of "main streets" back home, game and other subjects to attract Londoners. Considerable migration to these lands after the war is anticipated.

## WILSON SENDS GREETING FROM AMERICANS TO FRENCH PEOPLE

**Tricolor and Stars and Stripes  
Float Side by Side From White  
House and Two Nations Ob-  
serve Bastille Day Together**

CELEBRATIONS RIVAL  
THOSE OF THE FOURTH

WASHINGTON, July 14.—(Official)—Bastille Day, the French national holiday was generally observed and celebrated to-day throughout the United States in honor of the heroic part which France is playing in the defense of the liberties of the world against autocratic aggression.

There was a general display of the tri-color in all of the larger cities of the country.

President Wilson ordered the display of the French flag on all country and upon all of its ships, at home and abroad, no matter in what waters. At the White House a special flag staff was erected so that the red, white and blue of France might float beside the Stars and Stripes. Various cities held patriotic exercises and the interest taken in them approached that displayed in the celebration of the Fourth of July.

## WILSON'S MESSAGE

President Wilson sent a message to President Poincare of France in which he said:

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"America greets France on this day of stirring memories with its heart full of warm friendship and devotion to the great cause in which the two nations are now so happily united."

"Your July 14, like our own Fourth of July, has taken on a new significance, not only for France but for the world. As France celebrated our Fourth of July so do we celebrate her July Fourteenth, keenly conscious of the comradeship in arms and of the purpose of which we are so deeply proud."

"The sea seems near and narrow today with France so close a neighbor to our hearts."

"The war is being fought to save ourselves from intolerable things but it is also being fought to save mankind."

## HANDS EXTENDED

"We extend our hands to each other and to the great peoples with whom we are associated and to all peoples everywhere who love right and price justice as a thing beyond price and we consecrate ourselves once more to the noble enterprise of peace and justice, realizing the great conception that lifted France and America high among the free peoples of the world."

"The French flag flies today from a staff on the White House and America is proud and happy to honor that flag."

## AMERICANS IN FRANCE

Advices received from France told of American participation in the celebrations there. Despatches from the American front said that the American soldiers joined with their French comrades and friends everywhere where they were in proximity and despatches from Paris said that two detachments of Americans, all recently cited for bravery participated in the monster parade which was held in the French capital. One of these detachments was from Cantigny and the other from Thierry and at every point along the line of march the Sammies received tremendous ovations.

**Dr. J. Collis Browne's**  
**Chlorodyne**  
The ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.  
It is the only specific in  
DIARRHOEA and is  
the only specific in  
CHOLERA and  
DYSENTERY.  
It is the only specific in  
FEVER, CHOLERA, AGUE,  
COUGHS, COLDS,  
ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS,  
and all other ailments.  
It is the only specific in  
all other ailments.  
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